116TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	S.	
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To impose sanctions with respect to foreign traffickers of illicit opioids, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. Schumer (for himself, Mr. Cotton, Mr. Brown, Mr. Rubio, Mr. Menendez, Mrs. Shaheen, and Mr. Toomey) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To impose sanctions with respect to foreign traffickers of illicit opioids, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Fentanyl Sanctions Act".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings.
 - Sec. 3. Sense of Congress.
 - Sec. 4. Definitions.

TITLE I—SANCTIONS WITH RESPECT TO FOREIGN OPIOID TRAFFICKERS

- Sec. 101. Identification of foreign opioid traffickers.
- Sec. 102. Sense of Congress and reporting on international opioid control regime.
- Sec. 103. Imposition of sanctions.
- Sec. 104. Description of sanctions.
- Sec. 105. Waivers.
- Sec. 106. Procedures for judicial review of classified information.
- Sec. 107. Briefings on implementation.

TITLE II—COMMISSION ON COMBATING SYNTHETIC OPIOID TRAFFICKING

Sec. 201. Commission on combating synthetic opioid trafficking.

TITLE III—OTHER MATTERS

- Sec. 301. Director of National Intelligence program on use of intelligence resources in efforts to sanction foreign opioid traffickers.
- Sec. 302. Department of Defense funding.
- Sec. 303. Department of State funding.
- Sec. 304. Department of the Treasury funding.
- Sec. 305. Appropriate committees of Congress defined.

l SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress makes the following findings:
- 3 (1) The Centers for Disease Control and Pre-
- 4 vention estimate that from June 2017 through June
- 5 2018 more than 48,000 people in the United States
- 6 died from an opioid overdose, with synthetic opioids
- 7 (excluding methodone), contributing to a record
- 8 31,500 overdose deaths. While drug overdose deaths
- 9 from methadone, semi-synthetic opioids, and heroin
- 10 have decreased in recent months, overdose deaths
- from synthetic opioids have continued to increase.
- 12 (2) The objective of preventing the proliferation
- of synthetic opioids though existing multilateral and
- bilateral initiatives requires additional efforts to

deny illicit actors the financial means to sustain their markets and distribution networks.

- (3) The People's Republic of China is the world's largest producer of illicit fentanyl, fentanyl analogues, and their immediate precursors. From the People's Republic of China, those substances are shipped primarily through express consignment carriers or international mail directly to the United States, or, alternatively, shipped directly to transnational criminal organizations in Mexico, Canada, and the Caribbean.
- (4) In 2015, Mexican heroin accounted for 93 percent of the total weight of heroin seized in the United States, transported to the United States by transnational criminal organizations that maintain territorial influence over large regions in Mexico and remain the greatest criminal drug threat to the United States.
- (5) The United States and the People's Republic of China, Mexico, and Canada have made important strides in combating the illicit flow of opioids through bilateral efforts of their respective law enforcement agencies.
- (6) Insufficient regulation of synthetic opioid production and export and insufficient law enforce-

ment efforts to combat opioid trafficking in the Peo-
ple's Republic of China and Mexico continue to con-
tribute to a flood of opioids into the United States.
(7) While the Department of the Treasury used
the Foreign Narcotics Kingpin Designation Act (21
U.S.C. 1901 et seq.) to sanction the first synthetic
opioid trafficking entity in April 2018, precision eco-
nomic and financial sanctions policy tools are needed
to address the flow of synthetic opioids.
SEC. 3. SENSE OF CONGRESS.
It is the sense of Congress that—
(1) the United States should apply economic
and other financial sanctions to foreign traffickers of
illicit opioids to protect the national security, foreign
policy, and economy of the United States; and
(2) it is imperative that the People's Republic
of China follow through on the commitments it made
to the United States on December 6, 2018, through
the Group of Twenty—
(A) to schedule the entire category of
fentanyl-type substances as controlled sub-
stances; and
(B) to change its national and provincial
laws and increase provincial law enforcement ef-

1	forts to prosecute traffickers of fentanyl sub-
2	stances.
3	SEC. 4. DEFINITIONS.
4	In this Act:
5	(1) ALIEN; NATIONAL; NATIONAL OF THE
6	UNITED STATES.—The terms "alien", "national",
7	and "national of the United States" have the mean-
8	ings given those terms in section 101 of the Immi-
9	gration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1101).
10	(2) Appropriate congressional commit-
11	TEES AND LEADERSHIP.—The term "appropriate
12	congressional committees and leadership" means—
13	(A) the Committee on Armed Services, the
14	Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban
15	Affairs, the Committee on Foreign Relations,
16	the Committee on Homeland Security and Gov-
17	ernmental Affairs, the Committee on the Judi-
18	ciary, the Select Committee on Intelligence, and
19	the majority leader and the minority leader of
20	the Senate; and
21	(B) the Committee on Armed Services, the
22	Committee on Financial Services, the Com-
23	mittee on Foreign Affairs, the Committee on
24	Homeland Security, the Committee on the Judi-
25	ciary, the Permanent Select Committee on In-

1	telligence, and the Speaker and the minority
2	leader of the House of Representatives.
3	(3) Controlled Substance; Listed Chem-
4	ICAL.—The terms "controlled substance", "listed
5	chemical", "narcotic drug", and "opioid" have the
6	meanings given those terms in section 102 of the
7	Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. 802).
8	(4) Entity.—The term "entity" means a part-
9	nership, joint venture, association, corporation, orga-
10	nization, network, group, or subgroup, or any form
11	of business collaboration.
12	(5) Foreign opioid trafficker.—The term
13	"foreign opioid trafficker" means any foreign person
14	that the President determines plays a significant
15	role in opioid trafficking.
16	(6) Foreign person.—The term "foreign per-
17	son''—
18	(A) means—
19	(i) any citizen or national of a foreign
20	country; or
21	(ii) any entity not organized under the
22	laws of the United States or a jurisdiction
23	within the United States; and
24	(B) does not include the government of a
25	foreign country.

1	(7) Knowingly.—The term "knowingly", with
2	respect to conduct, a circumstance, or a result,
3	means that a person has actual knowledge, or should
4	have known, of the conduct, the circumstance, or the
5	result.
6	(8) OPIOID TRAFFICKING.—The term "opioid
7	trafficking" means any illicit activity—
8	(A) to cultivate, produce, manufacture, dis-
9	tribute, sell, or knowingly finance or transport
10	illicit opioids, controlled substances that are
11	opioids, listed chemicals that are opioids, or ac-
12	tive pharmaceutical ingredients or chemicals
13	that are used in the production of controlled
14	substances that are opioids;
15	(B) to attempt to carry out an activity de-
16	scribed in subparagraph (A); or
17	(C) to assist, abet, conspire, or collude
18	with other persons to carry out such an activity.
19	(9) Person.—The term "person" means an in-
20	dividual or entity.
21	(10) United states person.—The term
22	"United States person" means—
23	(A) any citizen or national of the United
24	States;

(B) any alien lawfully admitted for perma-
nent residence in the United States;
(C) any entity organized under the laws of
the United States or any jurisdiction within the
United States (including a foreign branch of
such an entity); or
(D) any person located in the United
States.
TITLE I—SANCTIONS WITH RE-
SPECT TO FOREIGN OPIOID
TRAFFICKERS
SEC. 101. IDENTIFICATION OF FOREIGN OPIOID TRAF-
FICKERS.
(a) Public Report.—
(1) In general.—The President shall submit
(1) IN ORNERAL. THE PRESIDENT SHAIR SUBINIT
to the appropriate congressional committees and
to the appropriate congressional committees and
to the appropriate congressional committees and leadership, in accordance with subsection (c), a re-
to the appropriate congressional committees and leadership, in accordance with subsection (c), a report—
to the appropriate congressional committees and leadership, in accordance with subsection (c), a report— (A) identifying the foreign persons that the
to the appropriate congressional committees and leadership, in accordance with subsection (c), a report— (A) identifying the foreign persons that the President determines are foreign opioid traf-
to the appropriate congressional committees and leadership, in accordance with subsection (c), a report— (A) identifying the foreign persons that the President determines are foreign opioid traffickers;
to the appropriate congressional committees and leadership, in accordance with subsection (c), a report— (A) identifying the foreign persons that the President determines are foreign opioid traffickers; (B) detailing progress the President has

1	People's Republic of China with respect to com-
2	bating foreign opioid traffickers.
3	(2) Identification of additional per-
4	sons.—If, at any time after submitting a report re-
5	quired by paragraph (1) and before the submission
6	of the next such report, the President determines
7	that a foreign person not identified in the report is
8	a foreign opioid trafficker, the President shall sub-
9	mit to the appropriate congressional committees and
10	leadership an additional report containing the infor-
11	mation required by paragraph (1) with respect to
12	the foreign person.
13	(3) Exclusion.—The President shall not be
14	required to include in a report under paragraph (1)
15	or (2) any persons with respect to which the United
16	States has imposed sanctions before the date of the
17	report under this title or any other provision of law
18	with respect to opioid trafficking.
19	(4) Form of Report.—
20	(A) In General.—Each report required
21	by paragraph (1) or (2) shall be submitted in
22	unclassified form but may include a classified
23	annex.
24	(B) AVAILABILITY TO PUBLIC.—The un-
25	classified portion of a report required by para-

1	graph (1) or (2) shall be made available to the
2	public.
3	(b) Classified Report.—
4	(1) In general.—The President shall submit
5	to the appropriate congressional committees and
6	leadership, in accordance with subsection (c), a re-
7	port, in classified form—
8	(A) describing in detail the status of sanc-
9	tions imposed under this title, including the
10	personnel and resources directed toward the im-
11	position of such sanctions during the preceding
12	fiscal year;
13	(B) providing background information with
14	respect to persons newly identified as foreign
15	opioid traffickers and their illicit activities;
16	(C) describing actions the President in-
17	tends to undertake or has undertaken to imple-
18	ment this title; and
19	(D) providing a strategy for identifying ad-
20	ditional foreign opioid traffickers.
21	(2) Effect on other reporting require-
22	MENTS.—The report required by paragraph (1) is in
23	addition to the obligations of the President to keep
24	Congress fully and currently informed pursuant to

1 the provisions of the National Security Act of 1947

- 2 (50 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.).
- 3 (c) Submission of Reports.—Not later than 180
- 4 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annu-
- 5 ally thereafter until the date that is 5 years after such
- 6 date of enactment, the President shall submit the reports
- 7 required by subsections (a) and (b) to the appropriate con-
- 8 gressional committees and leadership.

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9 (d) Exclusion of Certain Information.—

- (1) INTELLIGENCE.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a report required by subsection (a) or (b) shall not disclose the identity of any person if the Director of National Intelligence determines that such disclosure could compromise an intelligence operation, activity, source, or method of the United States.
 - (2) LAW ENFORCEMENT.—Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, a report required by subsection (a) or (b) shall not disclose the identity of any person if the Attorney General, in coordination, as appropriate, with the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, the Administrator of the Drug Enforcement Administration, the head of any other appropriate Federal law enforcement agency, and the Secretary of the Treasury, deter-

1	mines that such disclosure could reasonably be ex-
2	pected—
3	(A) to compromise the identity of a con-
4	fidential source, including a State, local, or for-
5	eign agency or authority or any private institu-
6	tion that furnished information on a confiden-
7	tial basis;
8	(B) to jeopardize the integrity or success
9	of an ongoing criminal investigation or prosecu-
10	tion;
11	(C) to endanger the life or physical safety
12	of any person; or
13	(D) to cause substantial harm to physical
14	property.
15	(3) Notification required.—If the Director
16	of National Intelligence makes a determination
17	under paragraph (1) or the Attorney General makes
18	a determination under paragraph (2), the Director
19	or the Attorney General, as the case may be, shall
20	notify the appropriate congressional committees and
21	leadership of the determination and the reasons for
22	the determination.
23	(e) Provision of Information Required for Re-
24	PORTS.—The Secretary of the Treasury, the Attorney
25	General, the Secretary of Defense, the Secretary of State

1	the Secretary of Homeland Security, and the Director of
2	National Intelligence shall consult among themselves and
3	provide to the President and the Director of the Office
4	of National Drug Control Policy the appropriate and nec-
5	essary information to enable the President to submit the
6	reports required by subsection (a).
7	SEC. 102. SENSE OF CONGRESS AND REPORTING ON INTER
8	NATIONAL OPIOID CONTROL REGIME.
9	(a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
10	gress that, in order to apply economic and other financial
11	sanctions to foreign traffickers of illicit opioids to protect
12	the national security, foreign policy, and economy of the
13	United States—
14	(1) the President should instruct the Secretary
15	of State to commence immediately diplomatic ef-
16	forts, both in appropriate international for such as
17	the United Nations, the Group of Seven, the Group
18	of Twenty, trilaterally and bilaterally with partners
19	of the United States, to establish a multilateral
20	sanctions regime against foreign opioid traffickers
21	and
22	(2) the Secretary of State, in consultation with
23	the Secretary of the Treasury, may consider forming
24	a new coalition of countries to establish a multilat-
25	eral sanctions regime against foreign opioid traf-

1	fickers if certain countries in existing multilateral
2	for a fail to cooperate with respect to establishing
3	such a regime.
4	(b) Reports to Congress.—
5	(1) In general.—The President shall include,
6	in each report required by section 101(b), an assess-
7	ment conducted by the Secretary of State, in con-
8	sultation with the Secretary of the Treasury, of the
9	extent to which any diplomatic efforts described in
10	subsection (a) have been successful.
11	(2) Elements.—Each assessment required by
12	paragraph (1) shall include an identification of—
13	(A) the countries the governments of which
14	have agreed to undertake measures to apply
15	economic or other financial sanctions to foreign
16	traffickers of illicit opioids and a description of
17	those measures; and
18	(B) the countries the governments of which
19	have not agreed to measures described in sub-
20	paragraph (A), and, with respect to those coun-
21	tries, other measures the Secretary of State rec-
22	ommends that the United States take to apply
23	economic and other financial sanctions to for-
24	eign traffickers of illicit opioids.

1 SEC. 103. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS.

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institution:

1	SEC. 103. IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS.
2	The President shall impose 5 or more of the sanctions
3	described in section 104 with respect to each foreign per-
4	son that is an entity, and 4 or more of such sanctions
5	with respect to each foreign person that is an individual,
6	that—
7	(1) is identified as a foreign opioid trafficker in
8	a report submitted under section 101(a); or
9	(2) the President determines is owned, con-
10	trolled, directed by, supplying or sourcing precursors
11	for, or acting for or on behalf of, such a foreign
12	opioid trafficker.
13	SEC. 104. DESCRIPTION OF SANCTIONS.
13 14	SEC. 104. DESCRIPTION OF SANCTIONS. (a) IN General.—The sanctions that may be im-
14 15	(a) In General.—The sanctions that may be im-
14 15 16	(a) In General.—The sanctions that may be imposed with respect to a foreign person under section 103
14 15 16 17	(a) In General.—The sanctions that may be imposed with respect to a foreign person under section 103 are the following:
14 15 16 17	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The sanctions that may be imposed with respect to a foreign person under section 103 are the following: (1) LOANS FROM UNITED STATES FINANCIAL
14 15 16 17 18	 (a) In General.—The sanctions that may be imposed with respect to a foreign person under section 103 are the following: (1) Loans from united states financial institutions.—The United States Government
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (a) In General.—The sanctions that may be imposed with respect to a foreign person under section 103 are the following: (1) Loans from united states financial institution may prohibit any United States financial institution
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (a) In General.—The sanctions that may be imposed with respect to a foreign person under section 103 are the following: (1) Loans from united states financial institution may prohibit any United States Government may prohibit any United States financial institution from making loans or providing credits to the for-
14	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The sanctions that may be imposed with respect to a foreign person under section 103 are the following: (1) LOANS FROM UNITED STATES FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS.—The United States Government may prohibit any United States financial institution from making loans or providing credits to the foreign person.

1	(A) Prohibition on designation as
2	PRIMARY DEALER.—Neither the Board of Gov-
3	ernors of the Federal Reserve System nor the
4	Federal Reserve Bank of New York may des-
5	ignate, or permit the continuation of any prior
6	designation of, the financial institution as a pri-
7	mary dealer in United States Government debt
8	instruments.
9	(B) Prohibition on service as a re-
10	POSITORY OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS.—The fi-
11	nancial institution may not serve as agent of
12	the United States Government or serve as re-
13	pository for United States Government funds.
14	The imposition of either sanction under subpara-
15	graph (A) or (B) shall be treated as one sanction for
16	purposes of section 103, and the imposition of both
17	such sanctions shall be treated as 2 sanctions for
18	purposes of that section.
19	(3) Procurement Ban.—The United States
20	Government may not procure, or enter into any con-
21	tract for the procurement of, any goods or services
22	from the foreign person.
23	(4) Foreign exchange.—The President may,
24	pursuant to such regulations as the President may
25	prescribe, prohibit any transactions in foreign ex-

1	change that are subject to the jurisdiction of the
2	United States and in which the foreign person has
3	any interest.
4	(5) Banking transactions.—The President
5	may, pursuant to such regulations as the President
6	may prescribe, prohibit any transfers of credit or
7	payments between financial institutions or by,
8	through, or to any financial institution, to the extent
9	that such transfers or payments are subject to the
10	jurisdiction of the United States and involve any in-
11	terest of the foreign person.
12	(6) Property transactions.—The President
13	may, pursuant to such regulations as the President
14	may prescribe, prohibit any person from—
15	(A) acquiring, holding, withholding, using,
16	transferring, withdrawing, transporting, import-
17	ing, or exporting any property that is subject to
18	the jurisdiction of the United States and with
19	respect to which the foreign person has any in-
20	terest;
21	(B) dealing in or exercising any right,
22	power, or privilege with respect to such prop-
23	erty; or
24	(C) conducting any transaction involving
25	such property.

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(7) BAN ON INVESTMENT IN EQUITY OR DEBT 2 OF SANCTIONED PERSON.—The President may, pur-3 suant to such regulations or guidelines as the Presi-4 dent may prescribe, prohibit any United States per-5 son from investing in or purchasing significant 6 amounts of equity or debt instruments of the foreign 7 person. 8

- EXCLUSION OF CORPORATE OFFICERS.— The President may direct the Secretary of State to deny a visa to, and the Secretary of Homeland Security to exclude from the United States, any alien that the President determines is a corporate officer or principal of, or a shareholder with a controlling interest in, the foreign person.
- (9) SANCTIONS ON PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OF-FICERS.—The President may impose on the principal executive officer or officers of the foreign person, or on individuals performing similar functions and with similar authorities as such officer or officers, any of the sanctions described in paragraphs (1) through (8) that are applicable.
- 22 (b) Penalties.—A person that violates, attempts to 23 violate, conspires to violate, or causes a violation of any regulation, license, or order issued to carry out subsection 25 (a) shall be subject to the penalties set forth in subsections

- 1 (b) and (c) of section 206 of the International Emergency
- 2 Economic Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1705) to the same ex-
- 3 tent as a person that commits an unlawful act described
- 4 in subsection (a) of that section.

5 (c) Exceptions.—

- (1) Intelligence activities.—Sanctions under this section shall not apply with respect to any activity subject to the reporting requirements under title V of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3091 et seq.) or to any authorized intelligence activities of the United States.
 - (2) EXCEPTION RELATING TO IMPORTATION OF GOODS.—The authority to impose sanctions under subsection (a)(6) shall not include the authority to impose sanctions on the importation of goods.
 - (3) EXCEPTION TO COMPLY WITH UNITED NATIONS HEADQUARTERS AGREEMENT.—Sanctions under subsection (a)(8) shall not apply to an alien if admitting the alien into the United States is necessary to permit the United States to comply with the Agreement regarding the Headquarters of the United Nations, signed at Lake Success June 26, 1947, and entered into force November 21, 1947, between the United Nations and the United States, the Convention on Consular Relations, done at Vi-

1 enna April 24, 1963, and entered into force March 2 19, 1967, or other applicable international obliga-3 tions. 4 (d) Implementation; Regulatory Authority.— 5 (1) Implementation.—The President may ex-6 ercise all authorities provided under sections 203 7 and 205 of the International Emergency Economic 8 Powers Act (50 U.S.C. 1702 and 1704) to carry out 9 this section. 10 (2) REGULATORY AUTHORITY.—The President 11 shall issue such regulations, licenses, and orders as 12 are necessary to carry out this section. 13 SEC. 105. WAIVERS. 14 (a) WAIVER FOR STATE-OWNED FINANCIAL INSTITU-15 TIONS IN COUNTRIES THAT COOPERATE IN MULTILAT-16 ERAL ANTI-TRAFFICKING EFFORTS.— 17 (1) IN GENERAL.—The President may, on a 18 case-by-case basis, waive for a period of not more 19 than 12 months the application of sanctions under 20 this title with respect to a financial institution that 21 is owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by a 22 foreign government or any political subdivision, 23 agency, or instrumentality of a foreign government, 24 if the President, not less than 30 days before the 25 waiver is to take effect, certifies to the appropriate

1	congressional committees and leadership that the
2	foreign government is closely cooperating with the
3	United States in efforts to prevent opioid trafficking.
4	(2) Certification.—The President may cer-
5	tify under paragraph (1) that a foreign government
6	is closely cooperating with the United States in ef-
7	forts to prevent opioid trafficking if that government
8	is—
9	(A) implementing domestic laws to sched-
10	ule all fentanyl analogues as controlled sub-
11	stances; and
12	(B) doing 2 or more of the following:
13	(i) Implementing substantial improve-
14	ments in regulations involving the chemical
15	and pharmaceutical production and export
16	of illicit opioids.
17	(ii) Implementing substantial improve-
18	ments in judicial regulations to combat
19	transnational criminal organizations that
20	traffic opioids.
21	(iii) Increasing efforts to prosecute
22	foreign opioid traffickers.
23	(iv) Increasing intelligence sharing
24	and law enforcement cooperation with the

1	United States with respect to opioid traf-
2	ficking.
3	(3) Subsequent renewal of waiver.—The
4	President may renew a waiver under paragraph (1)
5	for subsequent periods of not more than 6 months
6	each if, not less than 30 days before the renewal is
7	to take effect, the Director of National Intelligence
8	certifies to the appropriate congressional committees
9	and leadership that the government of the country
10	to which the waiver applies has effectively imple-
11	mented and is effectively enforcing the measures
12	that formed the basis for the certification under
13	paragraph (2).
14	(b) Waivers for National Security and Access
15	TO PRESCRIPTION MEDICATIONS.—
16	(1) In General.—The President may waive
17	the application of sanctions under this title with re-
18	spect to a person if the President determines that
19	the application of such sanctions with respect to that
20	person would significantly harm—
21	(A) the national security of the United
22	States; or
23	(B) subject to paragraph (2), the access of
24	United States persons to prescription medica-
25	tions.

1 (2) Monitoring.—The President shall estab-2 lish a monitoring program to verify that a person re-3 ceiving a waiver under paragraph (1)(B) is not traf-4 ficking illicit opioids. (3) Notification.—Not later than 21 days 5 6 after making a determination under paragraph (1) 7 with respect to a person, the President shall notify 8 the appropriate congressional committees and lead-9 ership of the determination and the reasons for the 10 determination. 11 (c) Humanitarian Waiver.—The President may 12 waive, for renewable periods of 180 days, the application 13 of the sanctions under this title if the President certifies to the appropriate congressional committees and leader-14 15 ship that the waiver is necessary for the provision of hu-16 manitarian assistance. SEC. 106. PROCEDURES FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW OF CLASSI-18 FIED INFORMATION. 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—If a finding under this title, or 20 a prohibition, condition, or penalty imposed as a result 21 of any such finding, is based on classified information (as 22 defined in section 1(a) of the Classified Information Pro-23 cedures Act (18 U.S.C. App.)) and a court reviews the finding or the imposition of the prohibition, condition, or

- 1 penalty, the President may submit such information to the
- 2 court ex parte and in camera.
- 3 (b) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in this sec-
- 4 tion shall be construed to confer or imply any right to judi-
- 5 cial review of any finding under this title, or any prohibi-
- 6 tion, condition, or penalty imposed as a result of any such
- 7 finding.
- 8 SEC. 107. BRIEFINGS ON IMPLEMENTATION.
- 9 Not later than 90 days after the date of the enact-
- 10 ment of the Fentanyl Sanctions Act, and every 180 days
- 11 thereafter until the date that is 5 years after such date
- 12 of enactment, the President, acting through the Secretary
- 13 of State, in coordination with the Secretary of the Treas-
- 14 ury, shall provide to the appropriate congressional com-
- 15 mittees and leadership a comprehensive briefing on efforts
- 16 to implement this title.

17 TITLE II—COMMISSION ON COM-

- 18 BATING SYNTHETIC OPIOID
- 19 TRAFFICKING
- 20 SEC. 201. COMMISSION ON COMBATING SYNTHETIC OPIOID
- TRAFFICKING.
- 22 (a) Establishment.—
- 23 (1) In general.—There is established a com-
- 24 mission to develop a consensus on a strategic ap-

1	proach to combating the flow of synthetic opioids
2	into the United States.
3	(2) Designation.—The commission estab-
4	lished under paragraph (1) shall be known as the
5	"Commission on Synthetic Opioid Trafficking" (in
6	this section referred to as the "Commission").
7	(b) Membership.—
8	(1) Composition.—
9	(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
10	graph (B), the Commission shall be composed
11	of the following members:
12	(i) The Administrator of the Drug
13	Enforcement Administration.
14	(ii) The Secretary of Homeland Secu-
15	rity.
16	(iii) The Secretary of Defense.
17	(iv) The Secretary of the Treasury.
18	(v) The Secretary of State.
19	(vi) Two members appointed by the
20	majority leader of the Senate, one of whom
21	shall be a Member of the Senate and one
22	of whom shall not be.
23	(vii) Two members appointed by the
24	minority leader of the Senate, one of whom

1	shall be a Member of the Senate and one
2	of whom shall not be.
3	(viii) Two members appointed by the
4	Speaker of the House of Representatives,
5	one of whom shall be a Member of the
6	House of Representatives and one of whom
7	shall not be.
8	(ix) Two members appointed by the
9	minority leader of the House of Represent-
10	atives, one of whom shall be a Member of
11	the House of Representatives and one of
12	whom shall not be.
13	(B)(i) The members of the Commission
14	who are not Members of Congress and who are
15	appointed under clauses (vi) through (ix) of
16	subparagraph (A) shall be individuals who are
17	nationally recognized for expertise, knowledge,
18	or experience in—
19	(I) transnational criminal organiza-
20	tions conducting synthetic opioid traf-
21	ficking;
22	(II) the production, manufacturing,
23	distribution, sale, or transportation of syn-
24	thetic opioids; or
25	(III) relations between—

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1	(aa) the United States; and
2	(bb) the People's Republic of
3	China, Mexico, or any other country
4	of concern with respect to trafficking
5	in synthetic opioids.
6	(ii) An official who appoints members of
7	the Commission may not appoint an individual
8	as a member of the Commission if the indi-
9	vidual possesses any personal or financial inter-
10	est in the discharge of any of the duties of the
11	Commission.
12	(iii)(I) All members of the Commission de-
13	scribed in clause (i) shall possess an appro-
14	priate security clearance in accordance with ap-
15	plicable provisions of law concerning the han-
16	dling of classified information.
17	(II) For the purpose of facilitating the ac-
18	tivities of the Commission, the Director of Na-
19	tional Intelligence shall expedite to the fullest
20	degree possible the processing of security clear-
21	ances that are necessary for members of the
22	Commission.
23	(2) Co-chairs.—
24	(A) In General.—The Commission shall
25	have 2 co-chairs, selected from among the mem-

1	bers of the Commission, one of whom shall be
2	a member of the majority party and one of
3	whom shall be a member of the minority party.
4	(B) Selection.—The individuals who
5	serve as the co-chairs of the Commission shall
6	be jointly agreed upon by the President, the
7	majority leader of the Senate, the minority
8	leader of the Senate, the Speaker of the House
9	of Representatives, and the minority leader of
10	the House of Representatives.
11	(e) Duties.—The duties of the Commission are as
12	follows:
13	(1) To define the core objectives and priorities
14	of the strategic approach described in subsection
15	(a)(1).
16	(2) To weigh the costs and benefits of various
17	strategic options to combat the flow of synthetic
18	opioids from the People's Republic of China, Mexico,
19	and other countries.
20	(3) To evaluate whether the options described
21	in paragraph (2) are exclusive or complementary,
22	the best means for executing such options, and how
23	the United States should incorporate and implement
24	such options within the strategic approach described
25	in subsection $(a)(1)$.

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1	(4) To review and make determinations on the
2	difficult choices present within such options, among
3	them what norms-based regimes the United States
4	should seek to establish to encourage the effective
5	regulation of dangerous synthetic opioids.
6	(5) To report on efforts by actors in the Peo-
7	ple's Republic of China to subvert United States
8	laws and to supply illicit synthetic opioids to persons
9	in the United States, including up-to-date estimates
10	of the scale of illicit synthetic opioids flows from the
11	People's Republic of China.
12	(6) To report on the deficiencies in the regula-
13	tion of pharmaceutical and chemical production of
14	controlled substances and export controls with re-
15	spect to such substances in the People's Republic of
16	China and other countries that allow opioid traf-
17	fickers to subvert such regulations and controls to
18	traffic illicit opioids into the United States.
19	(7) To report on the scale of contaminated or
20	counterfeit drugs originating from the People's Re-
21	public of China and India.
22	(8) To report on how the United States could
23	work more effectively with provincial and local offi-
24	cials in the People's Republic of China and other

1	countries to combat the illicit production of synthetic
2	opioids.
3	(9) In weighing the options for defending the
4	United States against the dangers of trafficking in
5	synthetic opioids, to consider possible structures and
6	authorities that need to be established, revised, or
7	augmented within the Federal Government.
8	(d) Functioning of Commission.—The provisions
9	of subsections (e), (d), (e), (g), (h), (i), and (m) of section
10	1652 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authoriza-
11	tion Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Public Law 115–232) shall
12	apply to the Commission to the same extent and in the
13	same manner as such provisions apply to the commission
14	established under that section, except that—
15	(1) subsection $(e)(1)$ of that section shall be ap-
16	plied and administered by substituting "30 days" for
17	"45 days";
18	(2) subsection $(g)(4)(A)$ of that section shall be
19	applied and administered by inserting "and the At-
20	torney General" after "Secretary of Defense"; and
21	(3) subsections $(h)(2)(A)$ and $(i)(1)(A)$ of that
22	section shall be applied and administered by sub-
23	stituting "level V of the Executive Schedule under
24	section 5316" for "level IV of the Executive Sched-
25	ule under section 5315".

1 (e) Treatment of Information Relating to Na-2 tional Security.—

(1) RESPONSIBILITY OF DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE.—The Director of National Intelligence shall assume responsibility for the handling and disposition of any information related to the national security of the United States that is received, considered, or used by the Commission under this section.

- (2) Information provided by congress.—
 Any information related to the national security of
 the United States that is provided to the Commission by the appropriate congressional committees
 and leadership may not be further provided or released without the approval of the chairperson of the
 committee, or the Member of Congress, as the case
 may be, that provided the information to the Commission.
- (3) Access after termination of commission.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, after the termination of the Commission under subsection (h), only the members and designated staff of the appropriate congressional committees and leadership, the Director of National Intelligence (and the designees of the Director), and such other offi-

1	cials of the executive branch as the President may
2	designate shall have access to information related to
3	the national security of the United States that is re-
4	ceived, considered, or used by the Commission.
5	(f) Reports.—The Commission shall submit to the
6	appropriate congressional committees and leadership—
7	(1) not later than 270 days after the date of
8	the enactment of this Act, an initial report on the
9	activities and recommendations of the Commission
10	under this section; and
11	(2) not later than 270 days after the submis-
12	sion of the initial report under paragraph (1), a final
13	report on the activities and recommendations of the
14	Commission under this section.
15	(g) Limitation on Funding.—Of amounts made
16	available under sections 302, 303, and 304 to carry out
17	this Act, not more than \$5,000,000 shall be available to
18	the Commission in any of fiscal years 2020 through 2025.
19	(h) TERMINATION.—
20	(1) In General.—The Commission, and all the
21	authorities of this section, shall terminate at the end
22	of the 120-day period beginning on the date on
23	which the final report required by subsection (f)(2)
24	is submitted to the appropriate congressional com-
25	mittees and leadership.

1	(2) Winding up of Affairs.—The Commis-
2	sion may use the 120-day period described in para-
3	graph (1) for the purposes of concluding its activi-
4	ties, including providing testimony to Congress con-
5	cerning the final report required by subsection (f)(2)
6	and disseminating the report.
7	TITLE III—OTHER MATTERS
8	SEC. 301. DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL INTELLIGENCE PRO-
9	GRAM ON USE OF INTELLIGENCE RE-
10	SOURCES IN EFFORTS TO SANCTION FOR-
11	EIGN OPIOID TRAFFICKERS.
12	(a) Program Required.—
13	(1) In general.—The Director of National In-
14	telligence shall, with the concurrence of the Director
15	of the Office of National Drug Control Policy, carry
16	out a program to allocate and enhance use of re-
17	sources of the intelligence community, including in-
18	telligence collection and analysis, to assist the Sec-
19	retary of the Treasury and the Administrator of the
20	Drug Enforcement Administration in efforts to iden-
21	tify and impose sanctions with respect to foreign
22	opioid traffickers under title I.
23	(2) Focus on illicit finance.—To the ex-
24	tent practicable, efforts described in paragraph (1)
25	shall—

1	(A) take into account specific illicit finance
2	risks related to narcotics trafficking; and
3	(B) be developed in consultation with the
4	Undersecretary of the Treasury for Terrorism
5	and Financial Crimes, appropriate officials of
6	the Office of Intelligence and Analysis of the
7	Department of the Treasury, the Director of
8	the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network,
9	and appropriate Federal law enforcement agen-
10	cies.
11	(b) Review of Counternarcotics Efforts of
12	THE INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—The Director of Na-
13	tional Intelligence shall, in coordination with the Director
14	of the Office of National Drug Control Policy, carry out
15	a comprehensive review of the current intelligence collec-
16	tion priorities of the intelligence community for counter-
17	narcotics purposes in order to identify whether such prior-
18	ities are appropriate and sufficient in light of the number
19	of lives lost in the United States each year due to use
20	of illegal drugs.
21	(e) Reports.—
22	(1) Quarterly reports on program.—Not
23	later than 90 days after the date of the enactment
24	of this Act, and every 90 days thereafter, the Direc-
25	tor of National Intelligence and the Director of the

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Office of National Drug Control Policy shall jointly submit to the appropriate congressional committees and leadership a report on the status and accomplishments of the program required by subsection (a) during the 90-day period ending on the date of the report. The first report under this paragraph shall also include a description of the amount of funds devoted by the intelligence community to the efforts described in subsection (a) during each of fiscal years 2017 and 2018.

days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence and the Director of the Office of National Drug Control Policy shall jointly submit to the appropriate congressional committees and leadership a comprehensive description of the results of the review required by subsection (b), including whether the priorities described in that subsection are appropriate and sufficient in light of the number of lives lost in the United States each year due to use of illegal drugs. If the report concludes that such priorities are not so appropriate and sufficient, the report shall also include a description of the actions to be taken to modify such

1	priorities in order to assure than such priorities are
2	so appropriate and sufficient.
3	(d) Intelligence Community Defined.—In this
4	section, the term "intelligence community" has the mean-
5	ing given that term in section 3(4) of the National Secu-
6	rity Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003(4)).
7	SEC. 302. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE FUNDING.
8	(a) Source of Funds.—Subject to subsection (b).
9	amounts authorized to be appropriated for each of fiscal
10	years 2020 through 2025 for the Department of Defense
11	for operation and maintenance shall be available for oper-
12	ations and activities described in subsection (e).
13	(b) Limitation on Amount Available.—
14	(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2),
15	the amount available under subsection (a) in a fiscal
16	year to carry out operations and activities described
17	in subsection (c) may not exceed the following:
18	(A) In fiscal year 2020, \$25,000,000.
19	(B) In each of fiscal years 2021 through
20	2025, \$35,000,000.
21	(2) Exclusion of funds for us southcom
22	FROM LIMITATION.—Amounts authorized to be ap-
23	propriated for a fiscal year for operation and main-
24	tenance and available for such fiscal year for the
25	United States Southern Command for operations

1 and activities described in subsection (c)(2) shall not 2 count toward the limitation applicable to such fiscal 3 year under paragraph (1). 4 (c) OPERATIONS AND ACTIVITIES.—The operations 5 and activities described in this subsection are the fol-6 lowing: 7 (1) The operations and activities of any depart-8 ment or agency of the United States Government 9 (other than the Department of Defense) in carrying 10 out this Act. 11 (2) The operations and activities of the Depart-12 ment of Defense in support of any other department 13 or agency of the United States Government in car-14 rying out this Act. 15 (d) Transfer Authority.— 16 (1) In General.—The Secretary of Defense 17 may transfer funds authorized to be appropriated 18 for the Department of Defense as described in sub-19 section (a) to any other department or agency of the 20 United States Government to carry out this Act. 21 (2)NOTICE REQUIREMENTS.—Any transfer 22 under this subsection shall not be subject to any re-23 programming requirements under law. However, a 24 notice on any such transfer shall be provided to the 25 appropriate committees of Congress.

1	(3) Inapplicability of transfer limita-
2	TIONS.—Any transfer under this subsection in a fis-
3	cal year shall not count toward or apply against any
4	limitation on amounts transferrable by the Depart-
5	ment of Defense in such fiscal year, including any
6	limitation specified in an annual defense authoriza-
7	tion Act for such fiscal year.
8	SEC. 303. DEPARTMENT OF STATE FUNDING.
9	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
10	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of State
11	to carry out the operations and activities described in sub-
12	section (b)—
13	(1) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2020; and
14	(2) \$35,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2021
15	through 2025.
16	(b) OPERATIONS AND ACTIVITIES DESCRIBED.—The
17	operations and activities described in this subsection are
18	the following:
19	(1) The operations and activities of any depart-
20	ment or agency of the United States Government
21	(other than the Department of State) in carrying
22	out this Act.
23	(2) The operations and activities of the Depart-
24	ment of State in support of any other department or

agency of the United States Government in carrying
 out this Act.

(c) Notification Requirement.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), amounts authorized to be appropriated by subsection (a) may not be obligated until 15 days after the date on which the President notifies the appropriate committees of Congress of the President's intention to obligate such funds.

(2) Waiver.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State may waive the notification requirement under paragraph (1) if the Secretary determines that such a waiver is in the national security interests of the United States.

(B) Notification requirement.—If the Secretary exercises the authority provided under subparagraph (A) to waive the notification requirement under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall notify the appropriate committees of Congress of the President's intention to obligate amounts authorized to be appropriated by subsection (a) as soon as practicable, but not later than 3 days after obligating such funds.

(d) Transfer Authority.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of State may
2	transfer funds authorized to be appropriated by sub-
3	section (a) to any other department or agency of the
4	United States Government to carry out this Act.
5	(2) Notice requirements.—Any transfer
6	under this subsection shall not be subject to any re-
7	programming requirements under law. However, a
8	notice on any such transfer shall be provided to the
9	appropriate committees of Congress.
10	SEC. 304. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY FUNDING.
11	(a) Authorization of Appropriations.—There
12	are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of the
13	Treasury to carry out the operations and activities de-
14	scribed in subsection (b)—
15	(1) \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2020; and
16	(2) \$35,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2021
17	through 2025.
18	(b) OPERATIONS AND ACTIVITIES DESCRIBED.—The
19	operations and activities described in this subsection are
20	the following:
21	(1) The operations and activities of any depart-
22	ment or agency of the United States Government
23	(other than the Department of the Treasury) in car-
24	rying out this Act.

1	(2) The operations and activities of the Depart-
2	ment of the Treasury in support of any other de-
3	partment or agency of the United States Govern-
4	ment in carrying out this Act.
5	(c) Notification Requirement.—
6	(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
7	graph (2), amounts authorized to be appropriated by
8	subsection (a) may not be obligated until 15 days
9	after the date on which the President notifies the
10	appropriate committees of Congress of the Presi-
11	dent's intention to obligate such funds.
12	(2) Waiver.—
13	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the
14	Treasury may waive the notification require-
15	ment under paragraph (1) if the Secretary de-
16	termines that such a waiver is in the national
17	security interests of the United States.
18	(B) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT.—If the
19	Secretary exercises the authority provided
20	under subparagraph (A) to waive the notifica-
21	tion requirement under paragraph (1), the Sec-
22	retary shall notify the appropriate committees

of Congress of the President's intention to obli-

gate amounts authorized to be appropriated by

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1	subsection (a) as soon as practicable, but not
2	later than 3 days after obligating such funds.
3	(d) Transfer Authority.—
4	(1) In general.—The Secretary of the Treas-
5	ury may transfer funds authorized to be appro-
6	priated by subsection (a) to any other department or
7	agency of the United States Government to carry
8	out this Act.
9	(2) NOTICE REQUIREMENTS.—Any transfer
10	under this subsection shall not be subject to any re-
11	programming requirements under law. However, a
12	notice on any such transfer shall be provided to the
12	appropriate committees of Congress.
13	appropriate committees of congress.
13	SEC. 305. APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DE-
14	SEC. 305. APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DE-
141516	SEC. 305. APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED.
141516	SEC. 305. APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DE- FINED. In this title, the term "appropriate committees of
14151617	SEC. 305. APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED. In this title, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means—
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 305. APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED. In this title, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means— (1) the Committee on Armed Services, the
141516171819	SEC. 305. APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DEFINED. In this title, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means— (1) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Af-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 305. APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DE- FINED. In this title, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means— (1) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Se-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 305. APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DE- FINED. In this title, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means— (1) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Af- fairs, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Se- lect Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	SEC. 305. APPROPRIATE COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS DE- FINED. In this title, the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means— (1) the Committee on Armed Services, the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs, the Committee on Foreign Relations, the Select Committee on Intelligence, and the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate; and

1 Intelligence, and the Committee on Appropriations

2 of the House of Representatives.